AWS VPC

Overview & Hands-on Lab Walk Through By: Muthuraja Ayyanar

Agenda

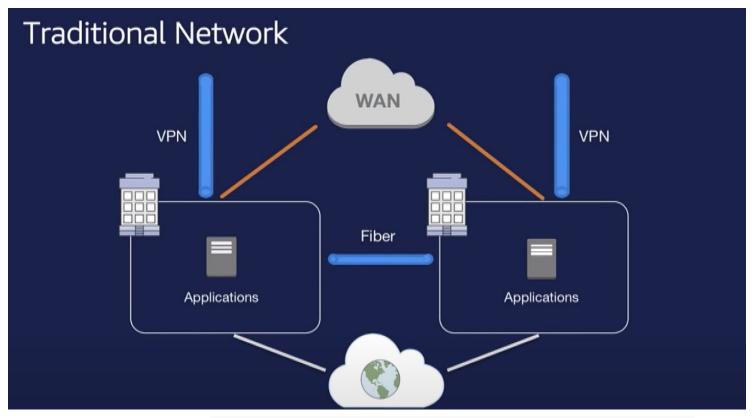
- What is VPC?
- Key VPC concepts (aka AWS Networking Fundamentals)
- AWS VPC Based services
- AWS Console walkthrough VPC
 - VPC, Subnet Creation
 - Route Table, IGW walkthrough
 - Security (NACL, Security Group) walkthrough
- VPC Demo/Hands-on
 - Setup instance on Public Subnet & Allow Bi-dir Access to it from Externally
 - Setup instance on Private Subnet & allow Outbound access to it from VPC
 - Bastion Host use case

What is VPC Service?

Short Answer: Managed (Private) Data Center Service in Cloud

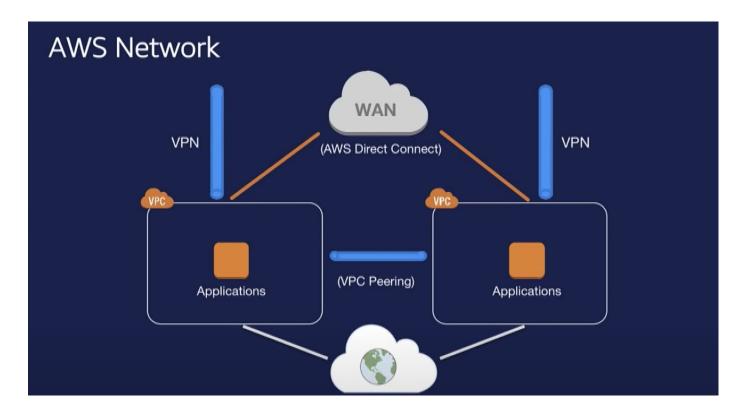
Long Answer: Virtual Private Cloud lets AWS customer create a Secure, dedicated (a logically isolated) network infrastructure with their own IP address range, subnets, route tables and security to design a Data Center in the Cloud the way they want and to deploy various services and resources to host their Application, DB infrastructure etc in a very short time

Traditional Network/On-Prem DC



<u>Dlagram Source: From a slide:</u> AWS London Summit 2018 - Breakout Session: VPC Design and New Capabilities for Amazon VPC

AWS Cloud DC/VPC



<u>Dlagram Source: From a slide:</u> AWS London Summit 2018 - Breakout Session: VPC Design and New Capabilities for Amazon VPC

AWS Global Infrastructure



Source: https://aws.amazon.com/about-aws/global-infrastructure/

AWS Global Infrastructure

24 Launched Regions

Each with multiple Availability Zones
(AZ's)

5 Announced Regions

77 Availability Zones

2 Local Zones

7 Wavelength Zones

For ultralow latency applications

2x More Regions

With multiple AZ's than the next largest cloud provider

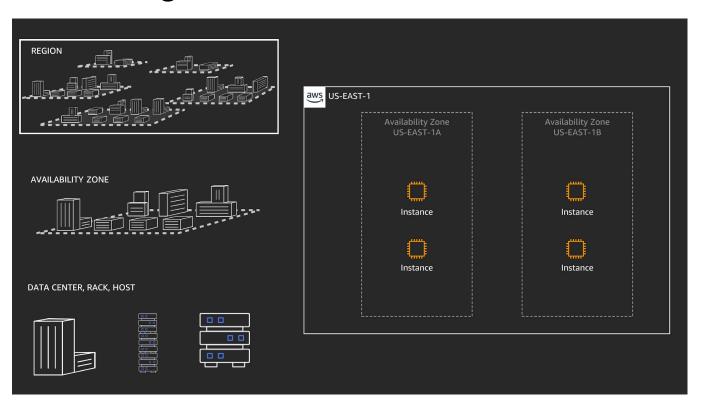
245 Countries and Territories Served 97 Direct Connect Locations

220+ Points of Presence

210+ Edge Locations and 12 Regional Edge Caches

Source: https://aws.amazon.com/about-aws/global-infrastructure/

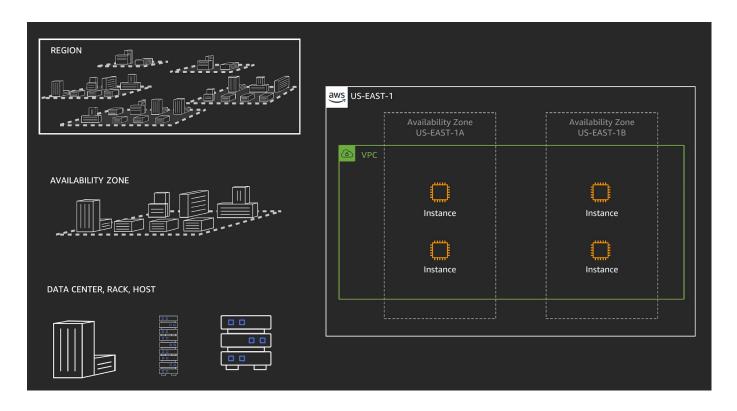
AWS Regions, AZ, VPC etc



- An AWS Region is a geographical location with a collection of availability zones (AZ) mapped to physical data centers in that region
- Each Region will have two or more Availability Zones
- An Availability Zone (AZ) is typically mapped to a DC in a given region
- While a single AZ can span multiple data centers, no two zones share a data center.
- Each AZ in a given region will have diverse/redundant/separate power, external network connectivity

Source: AWS re:Invent Slides (from NET-201 R Session)

AWS Regions, AZ, VPC etc



- VPC Spans across all AZ in a given Region
- Participating data centers in a zone are connected to each other over redundant low-latency private network links.
- All zones in a region communicate with each other over redundant private network links.
- These intra and inter-zone links are heavily used for data replication by a number of AWS services including storage and managed databases.

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Source: AWS re:Invent Slides (from NET-201 R Session)

Core VPC Components

- CIDR
- Subnets
- Route Table
- Gateway(s)
- NACL
- Security Groups

CIDR, Subnet Overview

- CIDR Classless Internet Domain Routing
- CIDR Provides address space for your VPC
- More of IPv4 specific concept
- VPC CIDR typically uses addresses from RFC 1918 space
- AWS Automatically provides a single /16 ipv4 address space when a VPC is created (or for the default VPC)
- CIDR range supported in VPC : /16 (Largest) to /28 (Smallest)
- CIDR is broken down to small address space (aka subnets)
- Subnets could be Public or Private
- Subnets are typically mapped to AZ
- AWS automatically provides a /56 ipv6 address space when requested (from it's global ipv6 address space)

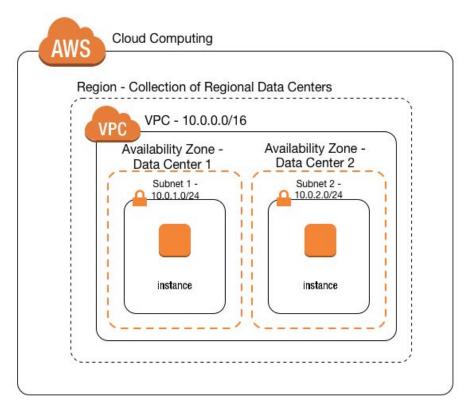
Route Table, Gateways and Endpoint Overview

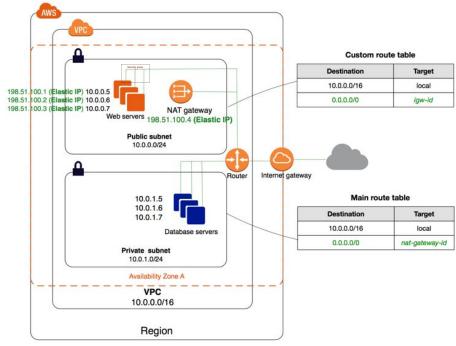
- Route table: A set of rules, called routes, that are used to determine where network traffic is directed.
- **Gateway**: A gateway (IGW/NAT) attaches to your VPC to enable communication between resources in your VPC and the internet.
- VPC endpoint: Enables you to privately connect your VPC to supported AWS services and VPC endpoint services powered by PrivateLink
 - With VPC Endpoint, there is no need for Internet gateway, NAT device, VPN connection, or AWS Direct Connect connection to access AWS Services or other services hosted in different VPC.
 - Instances in your VPC do not require public IP addresses to communicate with AWS resources/service.
 - Traffic between your VPC and the other service does not leave the Amazon network.

NACL and Security Groups Overview

- NACL: Network Access Control List, scoped @ <u>Subnet level</u> constitutes one or more ACE/Access Control Entries (ACE)
- By default there is one ACE in inbound and Outbound direction that allows all traffic
- NACL provides access control in a stateless manner
- NACL can be configured with ACE to either ALLOW or DENY based on L3 protocol, L4 port along with SRC/DST IP
- ACE are numbered from 1 to 65525 and are processed/applied in an ascending order
- Security Group: SG is applied to an Elastic Network Interface at the Instance Level
- Default Security Group allows communication from resources in Inbound direction that are using same SG
- Default Security Group allows access to all resources in the outbound direction
- Security Group provides access control in a stateful manner
- Security Group has an implict "DENY ALL" rule, only an explicit "ALLOW Rule" can be added
- Like NACL, SG can be configured to ALLOW based on L3 protocol, L4 port along with SRC/DST IP

VPC Implementation Examples

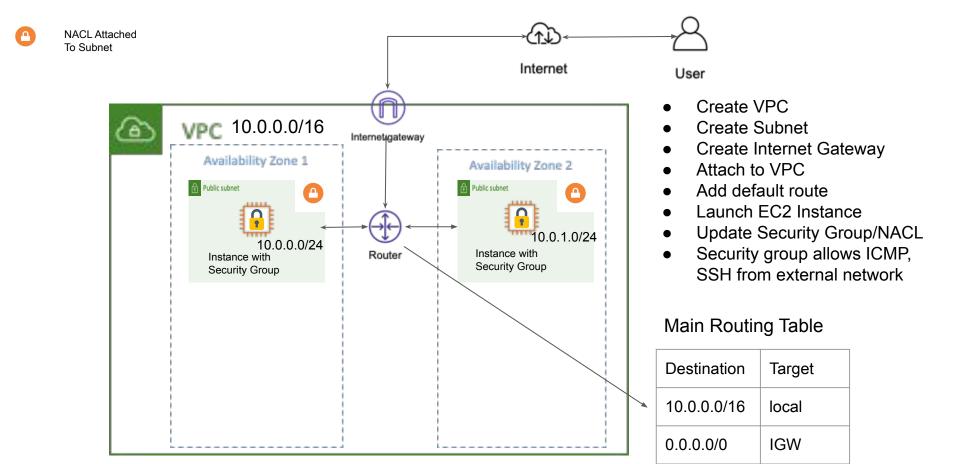




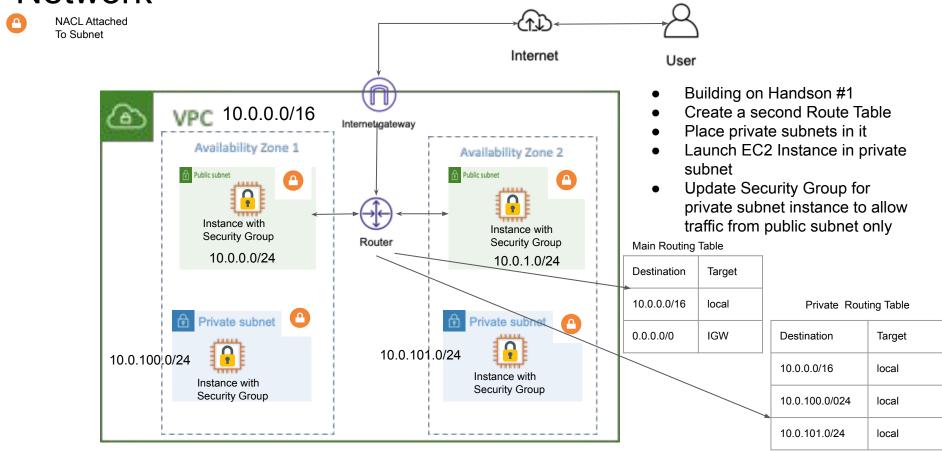
VPC Services

- Internet Gateway (Covered in Hands-on)
- NAT Gateway (Covered in Hands-on)
- Egress Only Gateway (Covered in Hands-on)
- VPC Endpoint Services (Gateway/Interfaces)
- VPC Peer Gateway
- Transit Gateway
- Direct Connect
- VPN Gateway

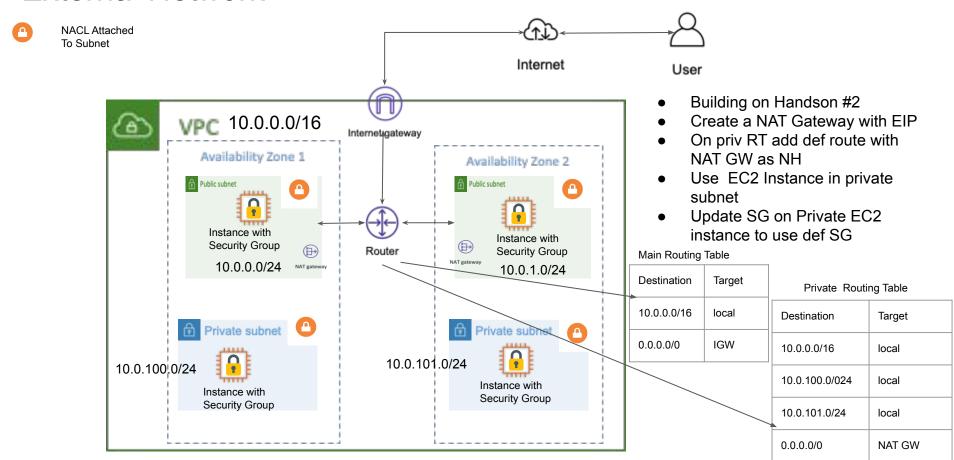
Hands-on #1: Access Instance from External Network



Hands-on #2 : Access Private Instance from External Network



Hands-on #3 : NAT Gateway for Private Instance to Access External Network

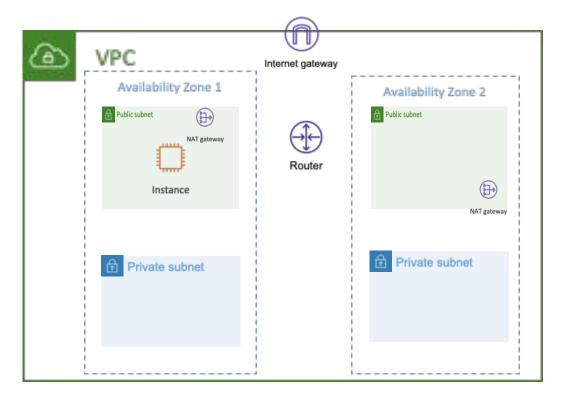








User

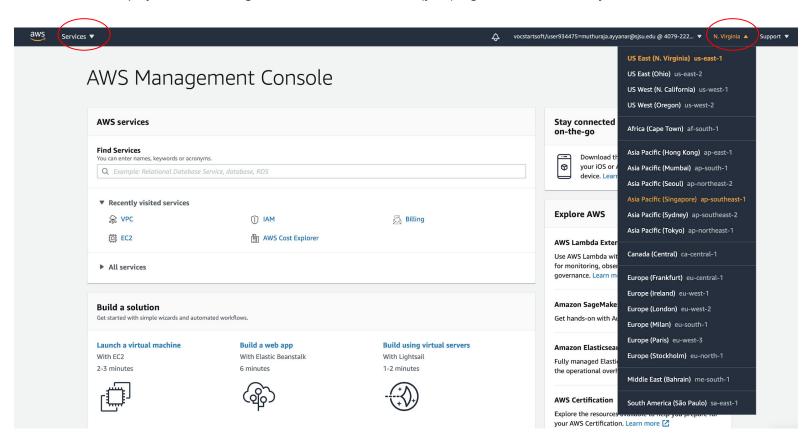




Network access control list

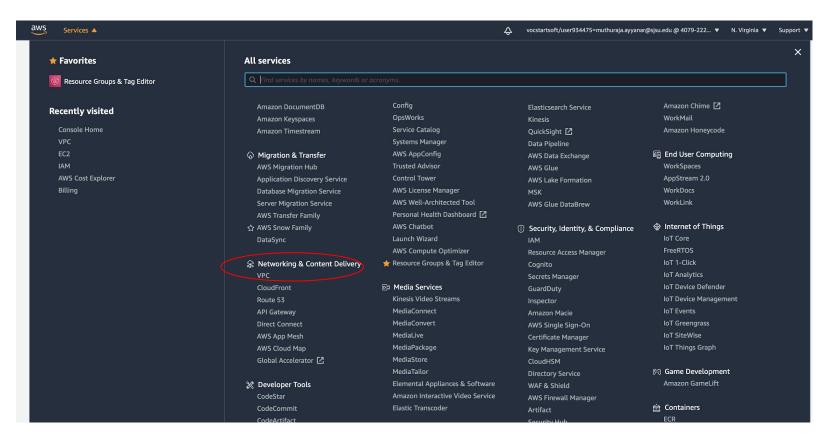
VPC Hands-on

To deploy a VPC. First sign into the console. Select a (your) region that is closest to you.

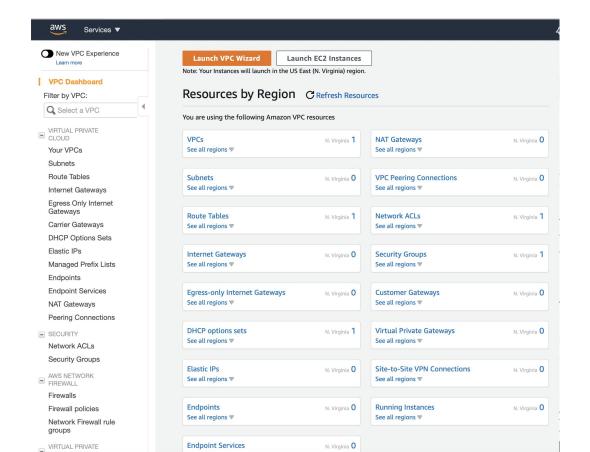


VPC Hands-on

Click on "All Services search box and search for VPC" or click "VPC" under "Networking and Content Delivery."

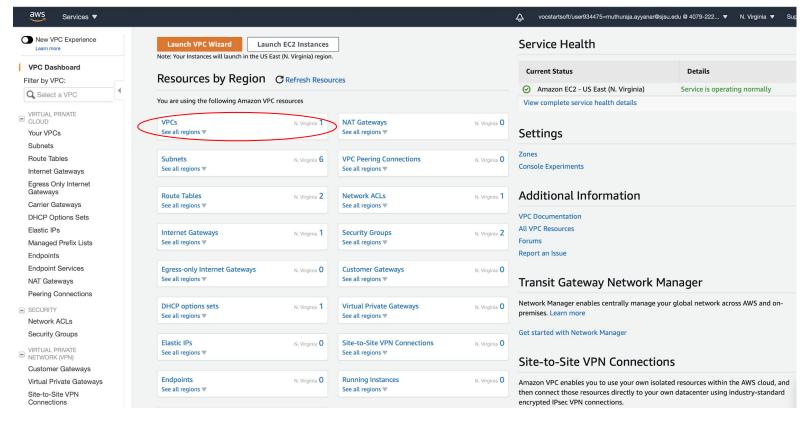


Default VPC Resource Dashboard



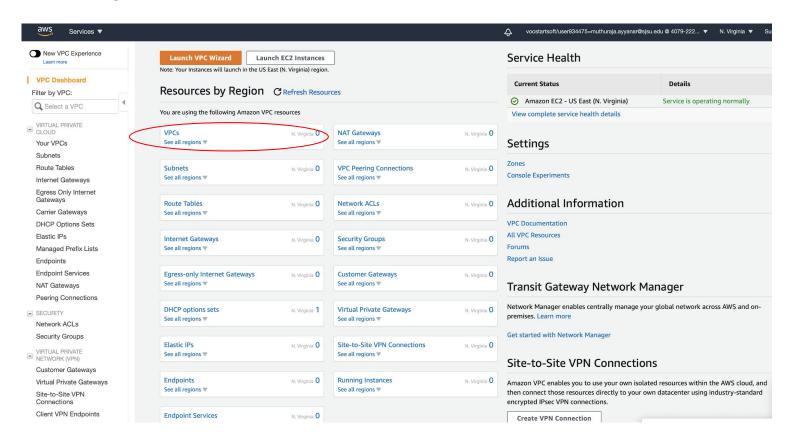
VPC Hands-on

Some Network infrastructure will be created by default ..such as a default VPC, subnets, RT etc. Either use the default VPC or delete VPC, RT, Subnets to start from scratch. Below example shows state of a non-default VPC (Where some resources were added on top of default VPC)



VPC Hands-on

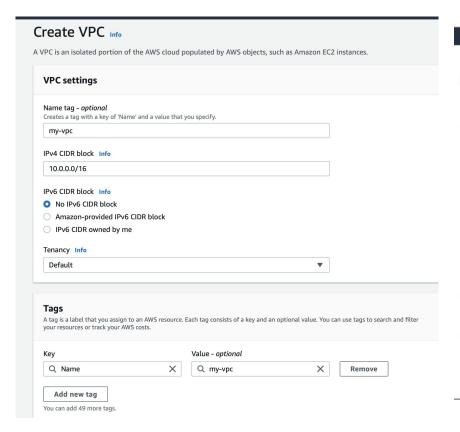
After deleting default VPC, there are no default VPC/networks resources



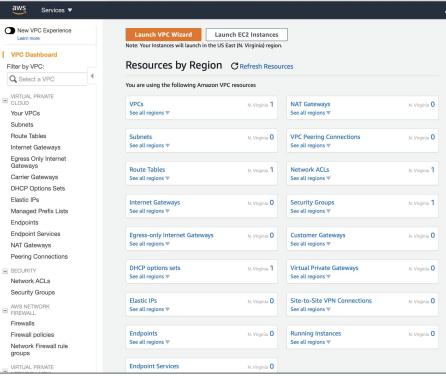
VPC Creation/configuration : Step by step process

- Select the "Launch VPC Wizard" from AWS VPC Dashboard or "Create VPC" button from AWS VPC Console (Under your VPCs). You will see your default VPC also.
- Now we add a name for VPC, add a CIDR block range, and click "Create." (I choose for my CIDR block range 10.10.0.0/16 which will give you 2^16 addresses in the slides. /28 gives you the smallest range of IP addresses. You can choose whatever fits your needs best. You can also select if you want shared tenancy or dedicated. Dedicated will cost you extra.
- Create an Internet Gateway and attach it to the newly created VPC. Click on Internet Gateway located along the left side of your console.
- On this screen you will see one Internet Gateway that is already created when your default VPC was created. We are going to click "Create Internet Gateway" to create a new Internet Gateway. Then we will have to attach the newly created IGW to the newly created VPC. You can only have one IGW attached to a VPC at a time.
- Now we select our newly created VPC, click Actions, and then select Attach To VPC. You will see currently the default IGW is attached to the default VPC. Use the drop down menu to select the correct VPC and then click "Attach." Now your IGW is attached to your VPC.
- Create your subnets. Click on Subnet on the left hand side of your console.
- Click "create subnet" to create a new subnet for our VPC, assign a name, add detail to the name so it is more easily identifiable. Use the drop down menu to pick the correct VPC, use the drop down menu to pick an availability zone, and then assign the CIDR block range. choose a network/ip range for this subnet. you must create this CIDR range to be a subset of your VPC CIDR range. You cannot have overlapping CIDR ranges. Then click "Create." You can continue to create as many subnets as needed. We created a public subnet, but you can also create a private subnet.
- Create Route Table. Click on Route Table on the left hand side of your console.
- Select the RT and VPC you need to edit, and the click on the Routes tab below. Click "Edit" and "Add route". I used 0.0.0.0/0 so it is open to the internet and then used the drop down menu to select my IGW.
- Associate subnets to the Route Table
- NACL For subnets
- Security Groups Associated with Instance ENI

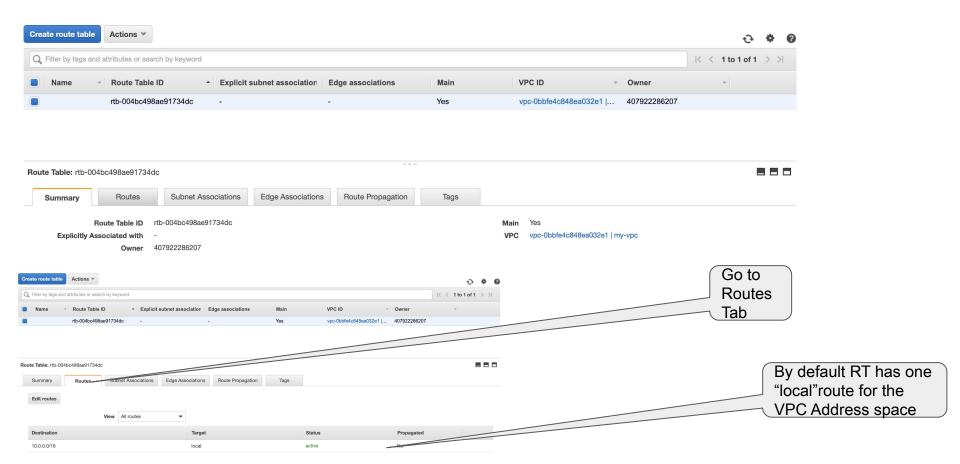
Create a VPC



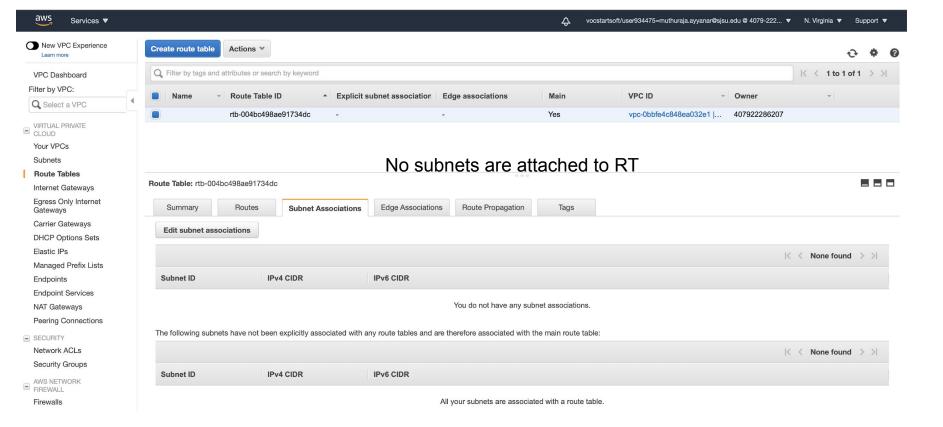
Default Resources



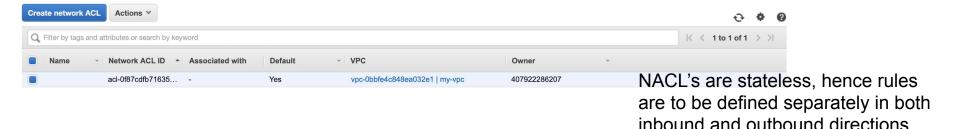
Default RT



Default RT (Subnet Associations)



Default NACL - Inbound Rules

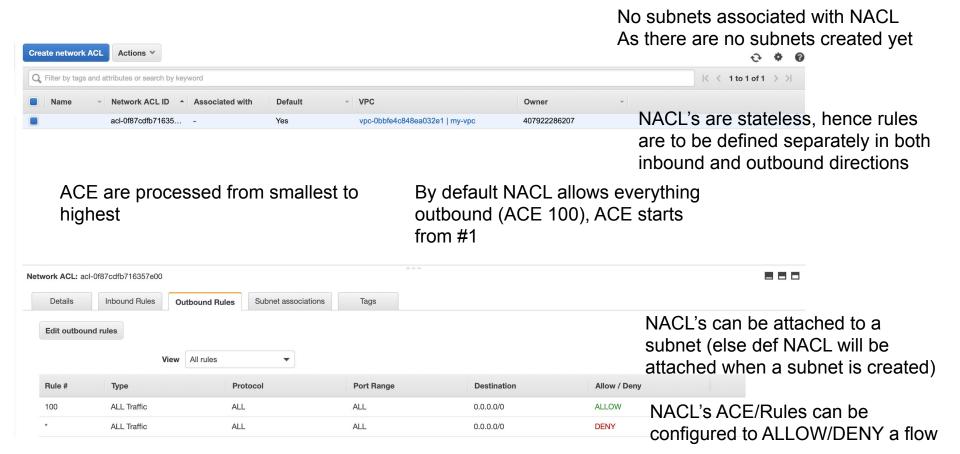


By default NACL allows everything inbound (ACE 100), ACE starts from #1

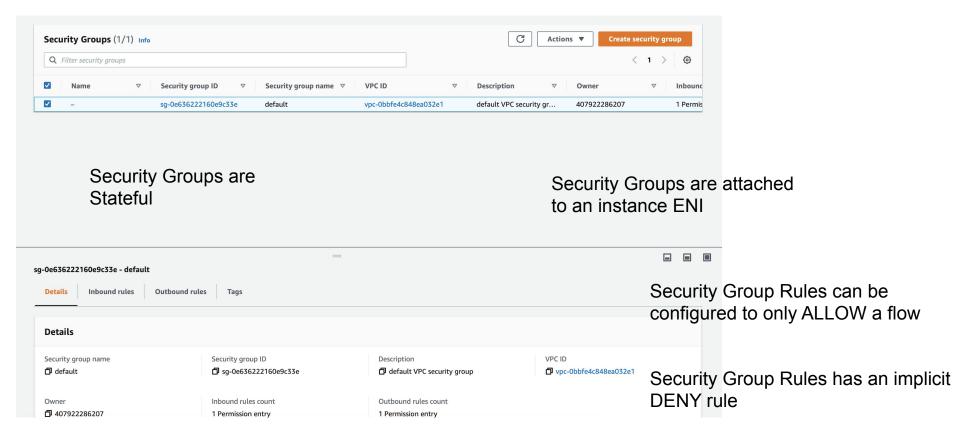
ACE are processed from smallest to highest



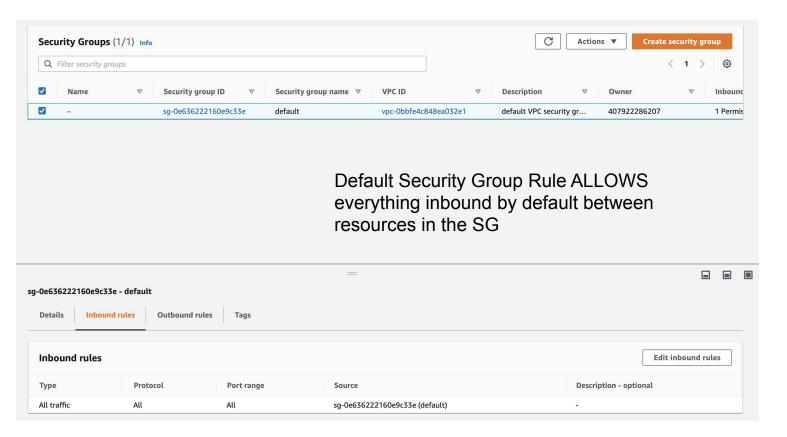
Default NACL - Outbound Rules



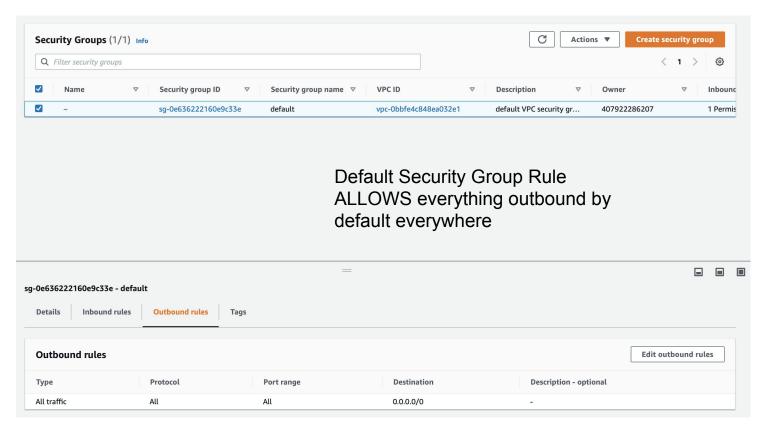
Default Security Group



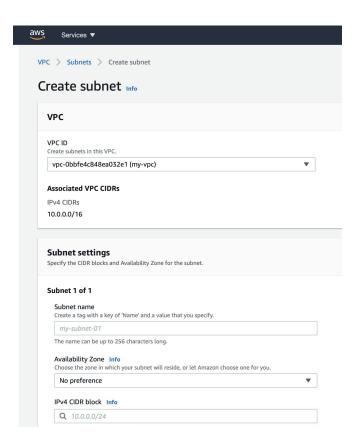
Default Security Group - Inbound Rules

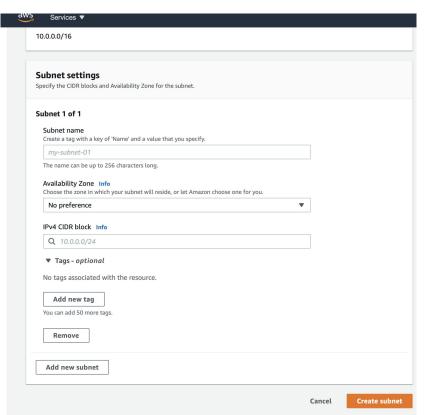


Default Security Group - Outbound Rules

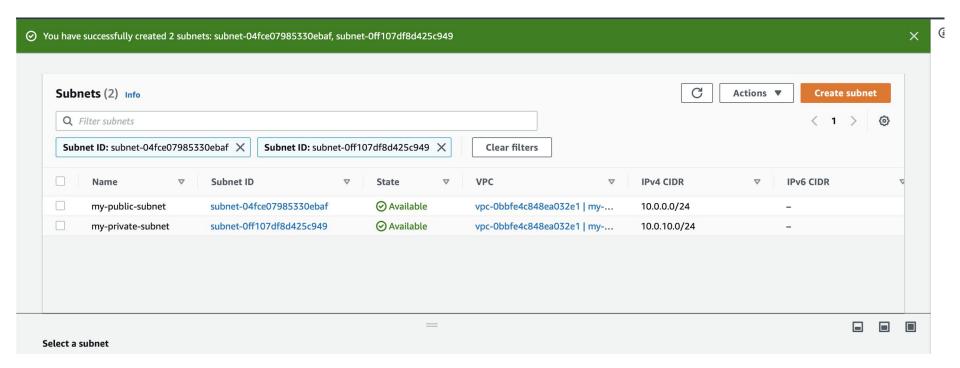


Create/Add Subnet

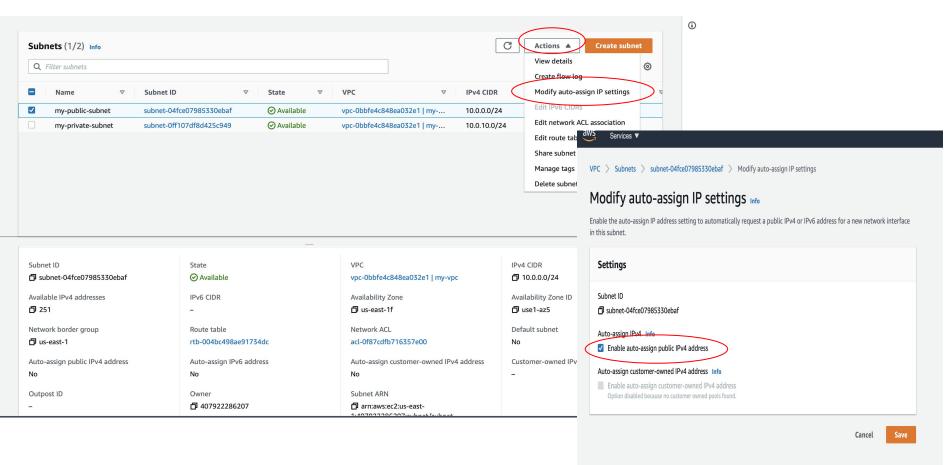




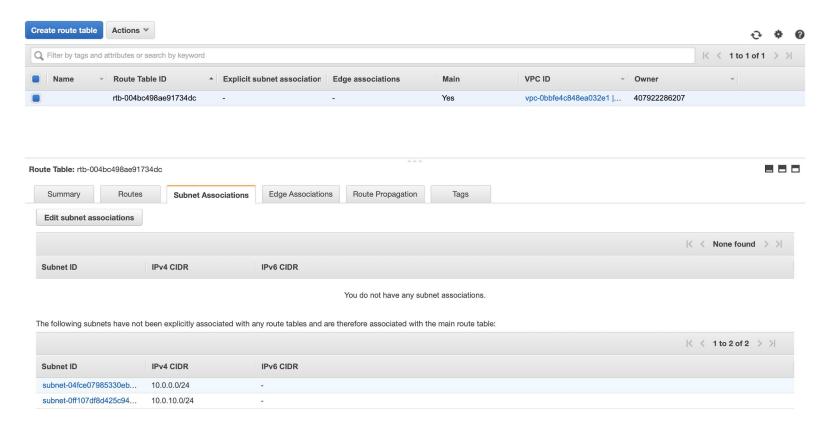
Add Subnets



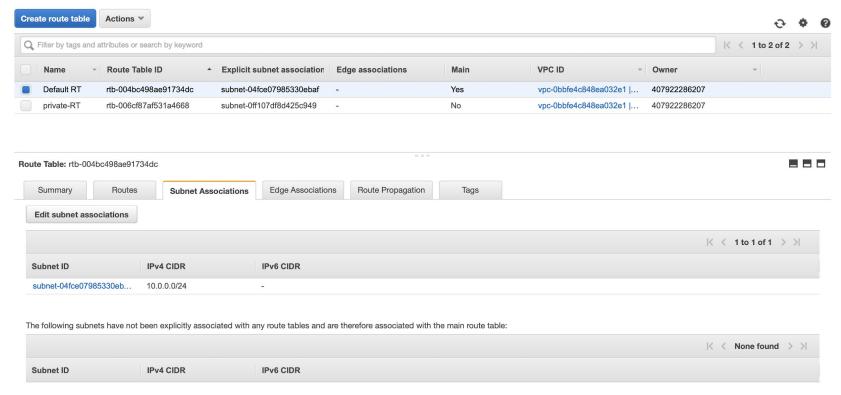
Change Subnet setting



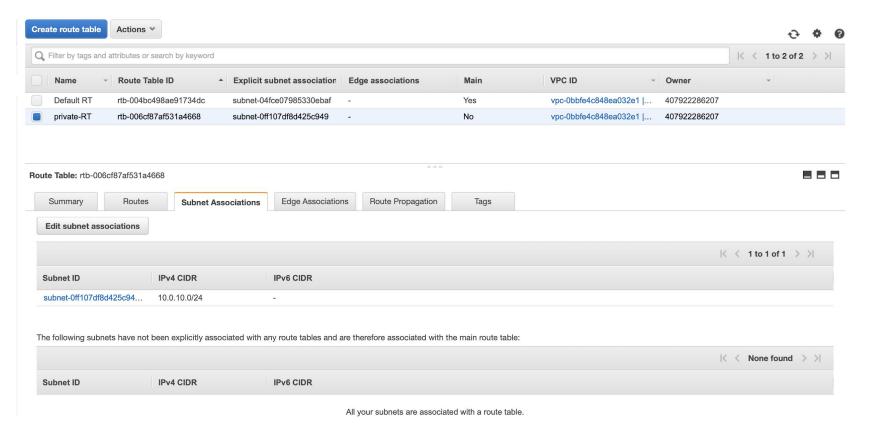
Default RT after adding subnets



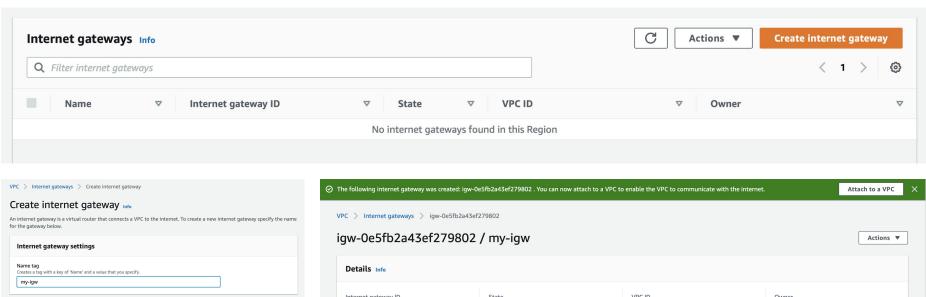
Default RT after Associating Public subnet

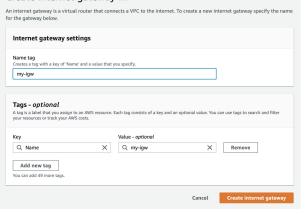


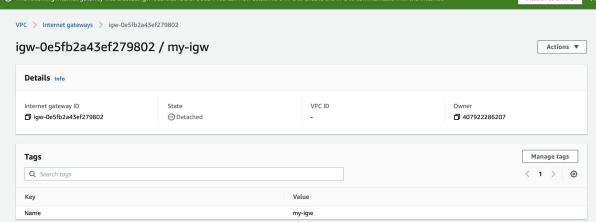
Private RT after Associating Private subnet



Internet Gateway (By default IGW is not created)



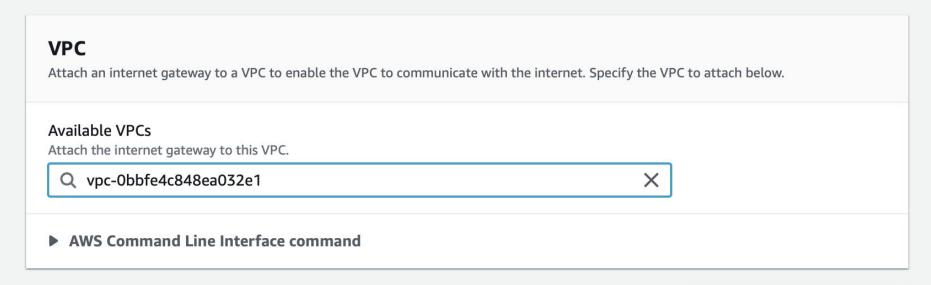




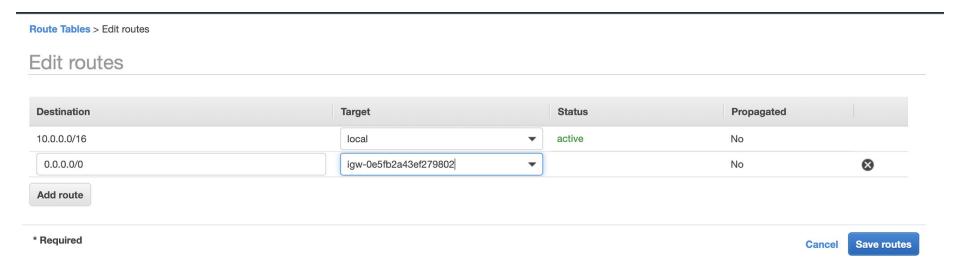
Internet Gateway (Attach IGW to a VPC)

VPC > Internet gateways > Attach to VPC (igw-0e5fb2a43ef279802)

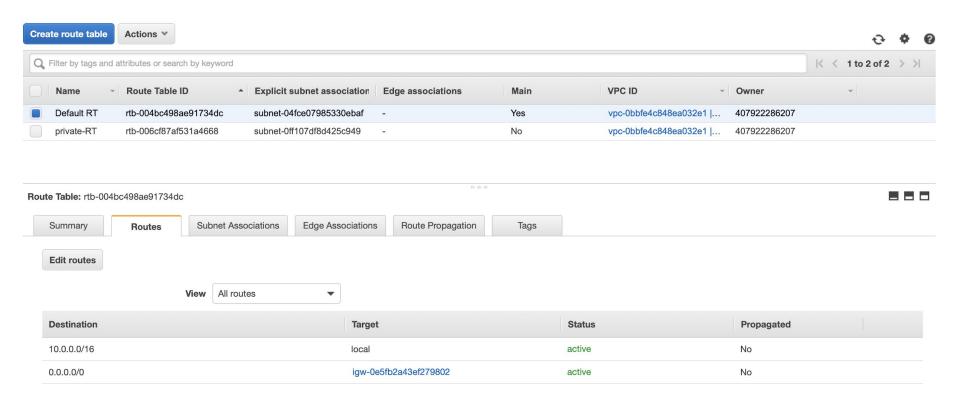
Attach to VPC (igw-0e5fb2a43ef279802) Info



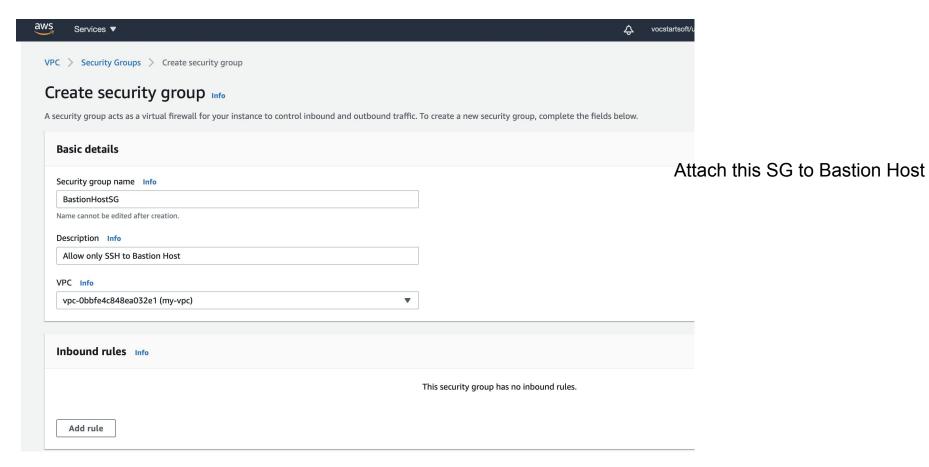
Add Def Route with Internet Gateway as NH (Def RT)



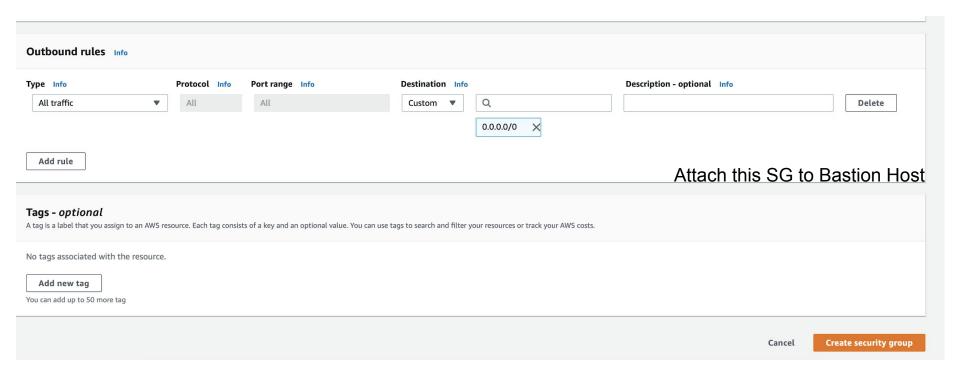
Add Def Route with Internet Gateway as NH (Def RT)

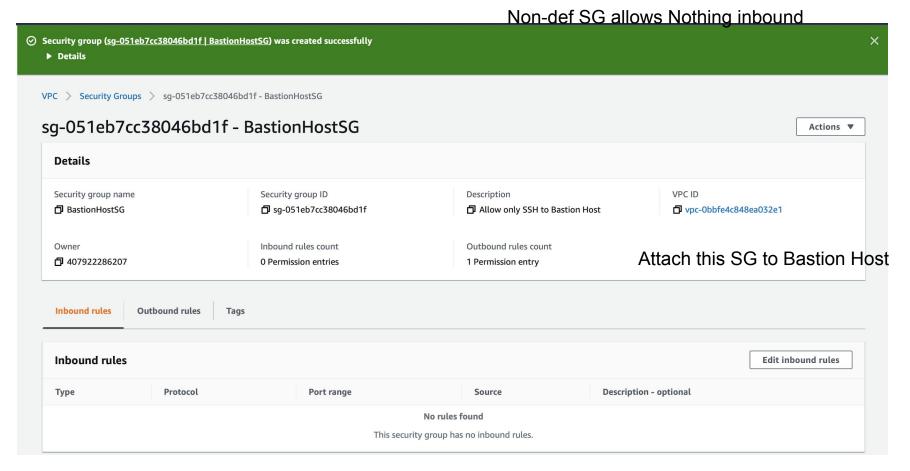


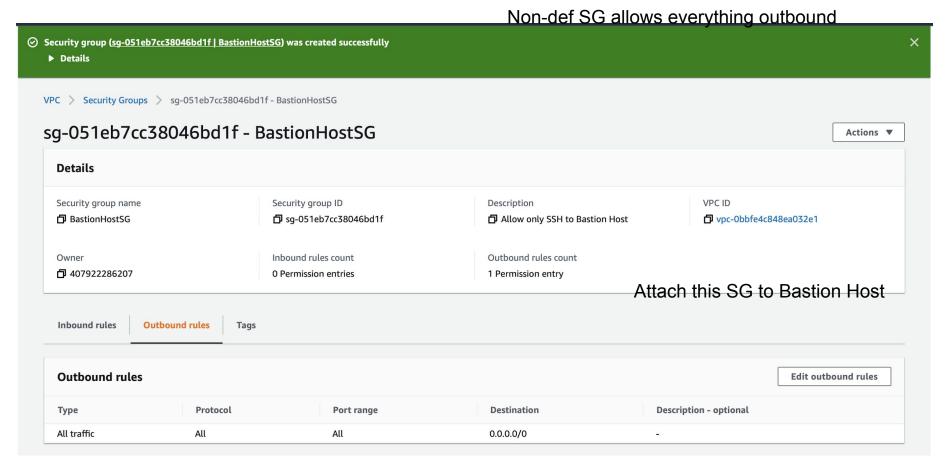
Create a New SG (non-def)



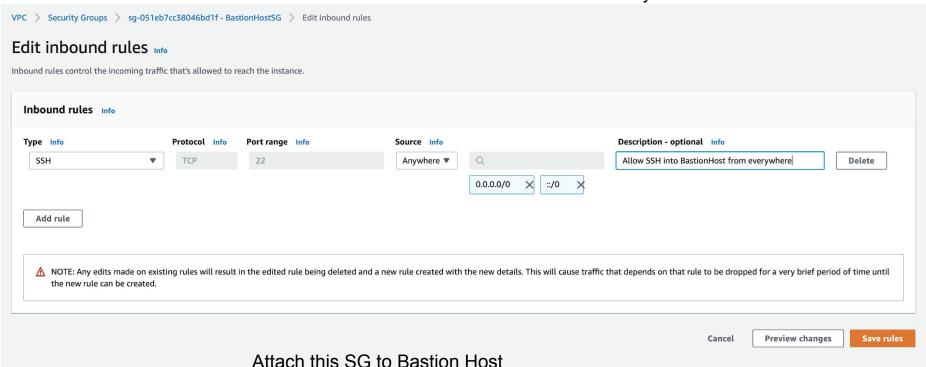
Create a New SG (non-def)



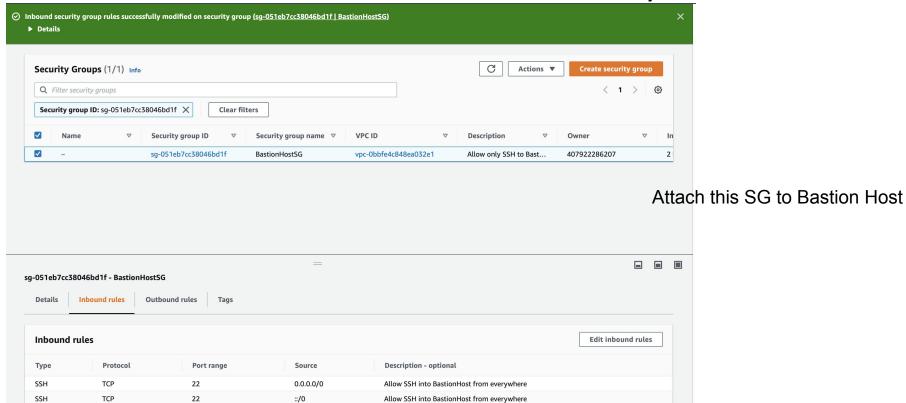




Non-def SG - Add rule to allow SSH inbound from everywhere

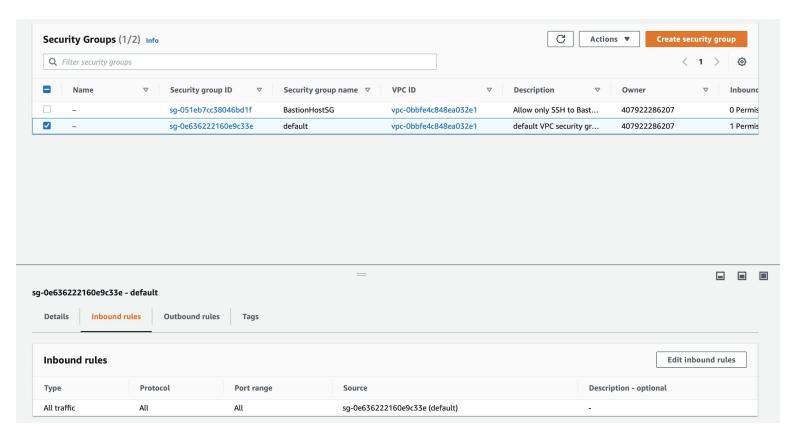


Non-def SG - Add rule to allow SSH inbound from everywhere



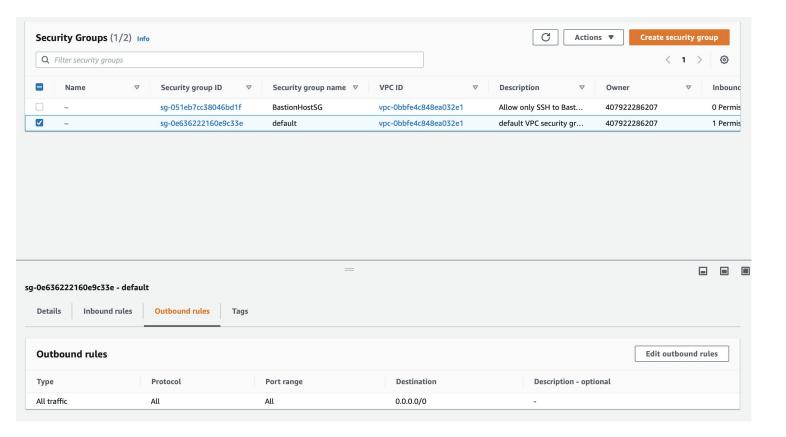
Default SG

Def SG allows everything inbound & outbound



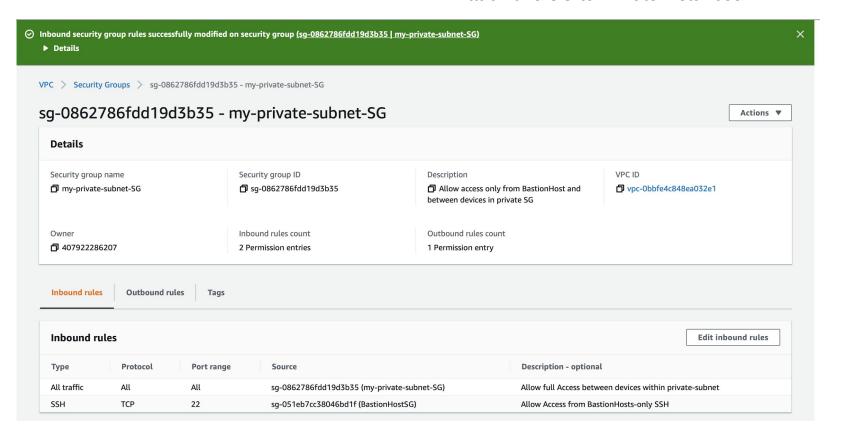
Default SG

Def SG allows everything inbound & outbound



Private-subnet-SG

Attach this SG to Private instances



EC2 Instance in Public Subnet

- Setup an EC2 Instance, attach it to a Public subnet
- Use Default Security group & NACL
- Connect to EC2 Instance from External Network

Bastion Host

- From external network, laptop use the below method to access the private instance via Bastion host
- From my laptop, add the private key to the ssh agent using below command
- Ssh-add <ec2 private key)
- Ssh-add -L; command to check that key is added
- Use below command to access Bastion host (with -A option and ip add of Bastion host, below example 3.230.155.152 is Bastion host public IP)
- ssh -A ec2-user@3.230.155.152
- From the Bastion host, use below command to access private instance
- Ssh ec2-user@private-instance-private ip

Bastion Host SG Notes

- On the Bastion host, apply a SG (non-def) with following rules
 - Inbound allow ssh from everywhere, ICMP from only private-SG
 - Outbound Use default rule (allow everything to everywhere)
- On the Private host, apply a SG (non-def) with following rules
 - Inbound allow ssh only from BastionHostSG
 - Inbound allow everythingfrom same privateSG (to allow instances in private subnet to talk to each other) only from BastionHostSG
 - Outbound ICMP ipv4 to allow ping only from BastionHostSG

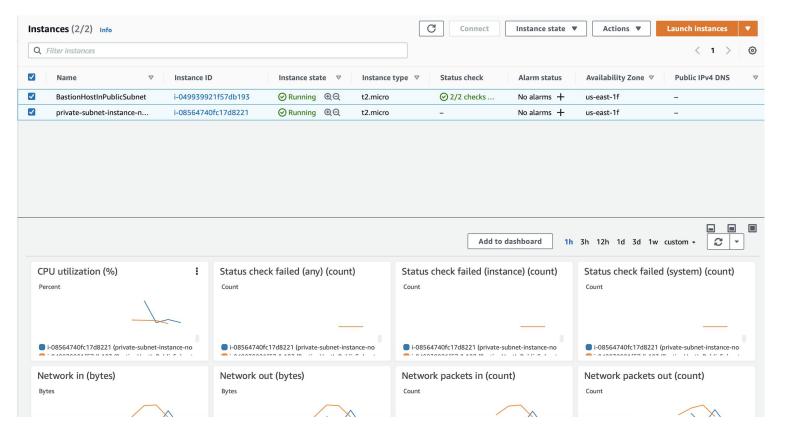
EC2 Instance in Private Subnet

- Setup an EC2 Instance, attach it to a Private subnet
- Use Default Security group & NACL
- Connect to EC2 instance in Private subnet through a publicly accessible EC2 Instance
- EC2 Instance in Private subnet will not be able to go out to Internet / External Network
- Create a NAT Gateway, add default route to Private RT with NAT GW as Nexthop
- Demonstrate how EC2 Instance in Private subnet can go out to Internet

VPC Endpoint Services

- Some Org don't want to be connected to Public Network/Internet
- Yet they have to access AWS Services/resources in Publicly available area
- An AWS VPC Endpoint allows access to AWS Services that are in public zone
- VPC Endpoint services are suited for VPC without connected to the public internet (VPC's with only private subnets)
- AWS VPC Endpoints services are offered using two different endpoints/options to choose from:
- AWS Gateway Endpoints and AWS Interface Endpoints.

Launch two Instances



EC2 User Data

For Ubuntu EC2 Instance

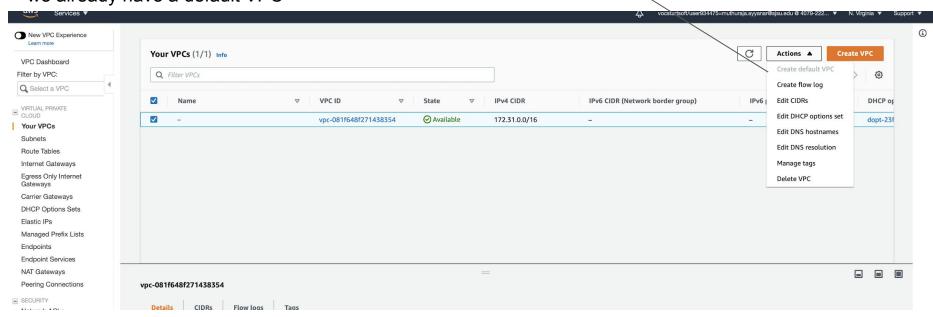
#!/bin/bash
#Install Apache/httpd Web Server
apt-get update -y
apt-get install apache2 -y
mv /var/www/html/index.html /var/www/html/index.html.orig
echo "Web Server is running on \$(hostname -f)" >
/var/www/html/index.html
service apache2 start

For Amazon Linux v2 AMI EC2 Instance

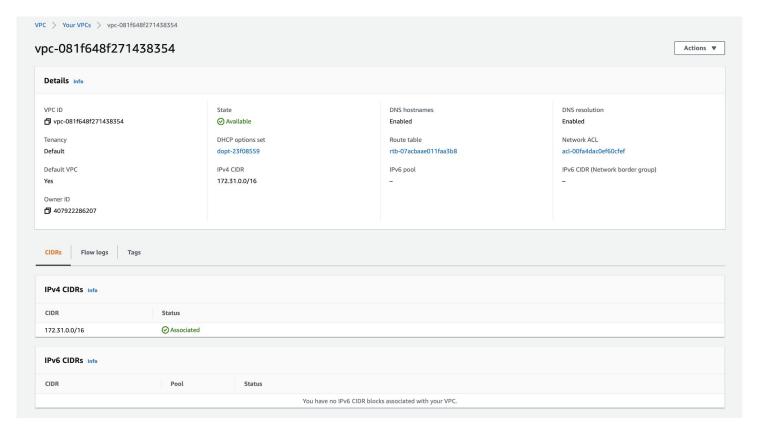
#!/bin/bash
#Install Apache/httpd Web Server
yum update -y
yum install -y httpd.x86_64
systemctl start httpd.service
systemctl enable httpd.service
echo "Web Server is running on \$(hostname -f)" >
/var/www/html/index.html

Create Default VPC

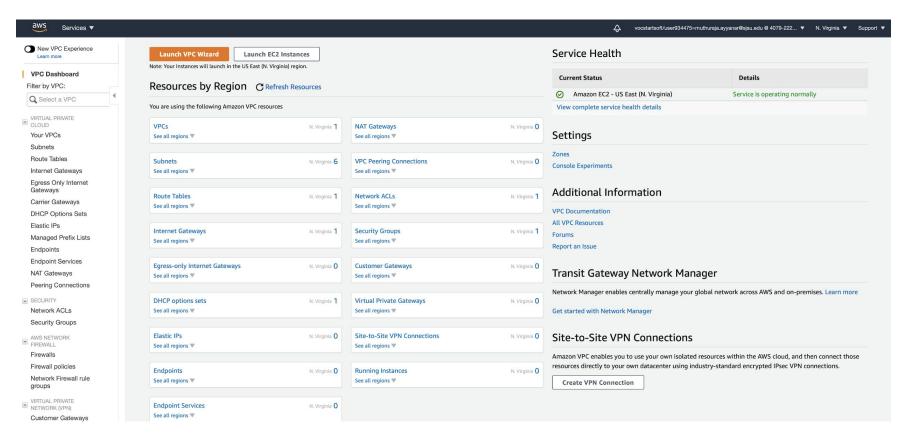
When the default VPC is deleted, we can use "Create default VPC" option from "Actions" in the Your VPCs option from VPC COnsole to create default VPC (In the below screen the option is grayed since we already have a default VPC"



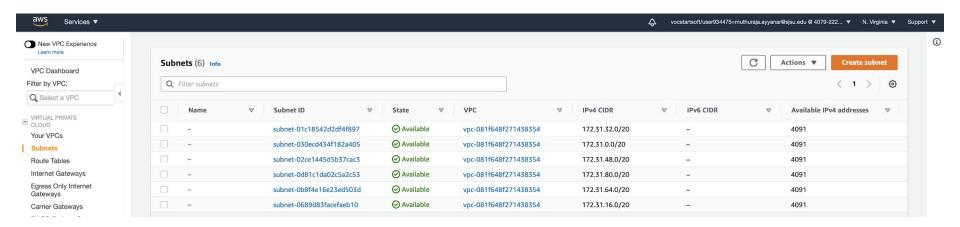
Create Default VPC



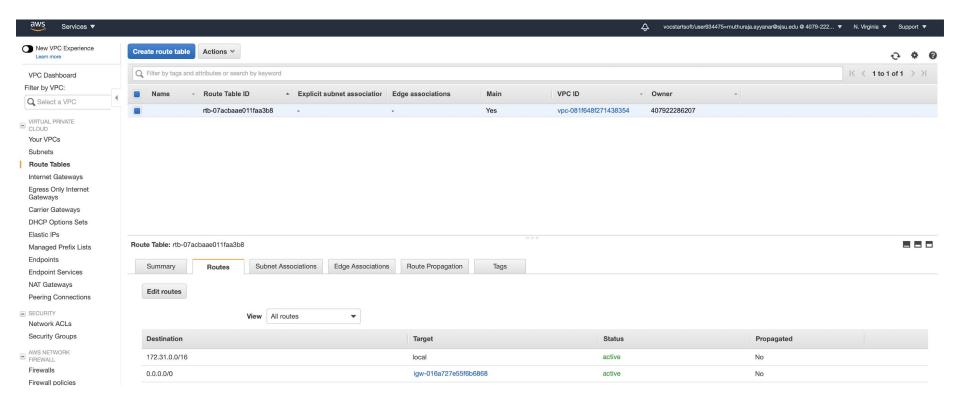
Default VPC Resources with new Default VPC



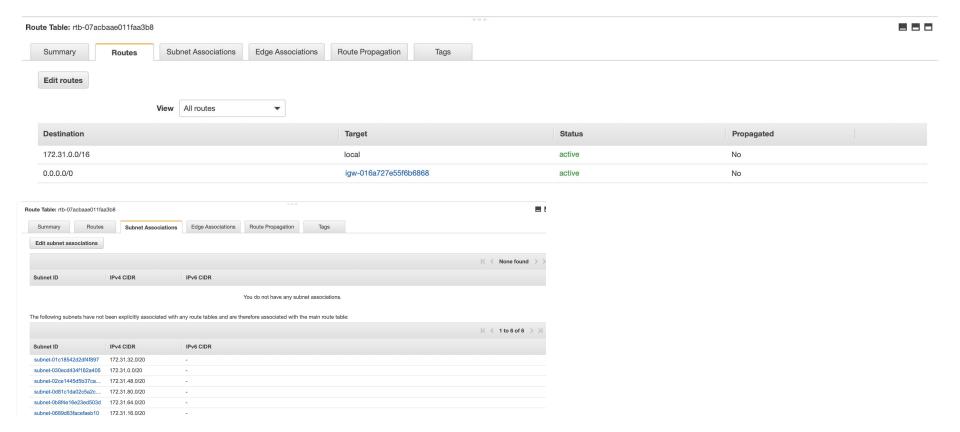
Default Subnet Resources with new Default VPC



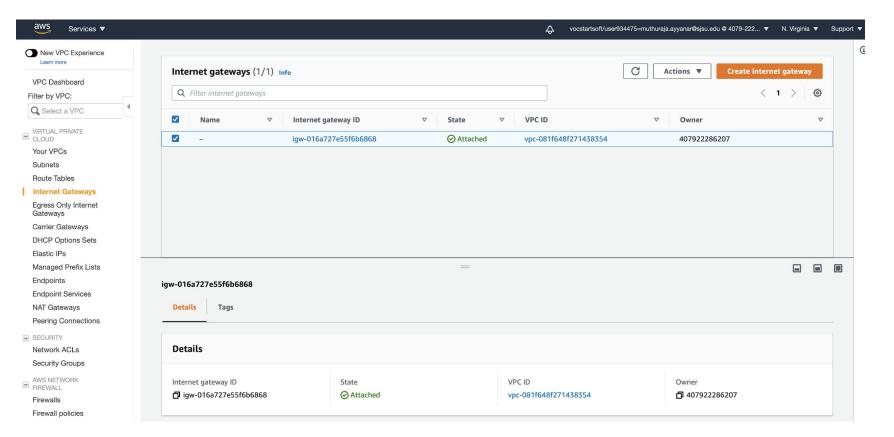
Default RT Resources with new Default VPC



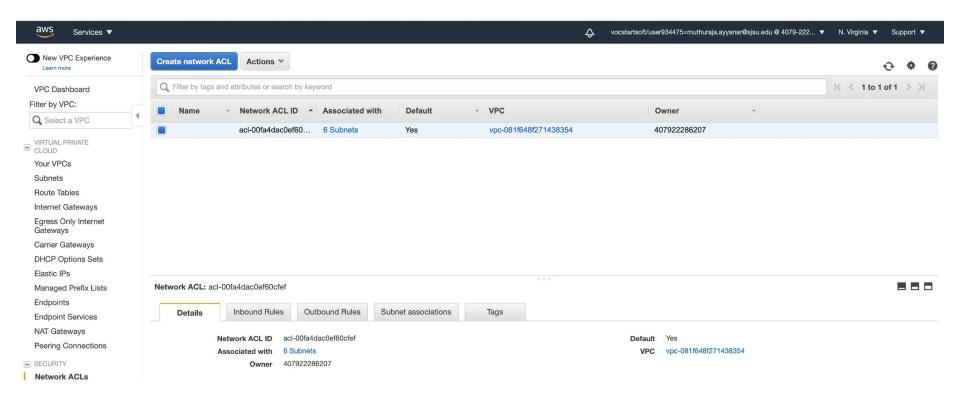
Default RT Resources with new Default VPC



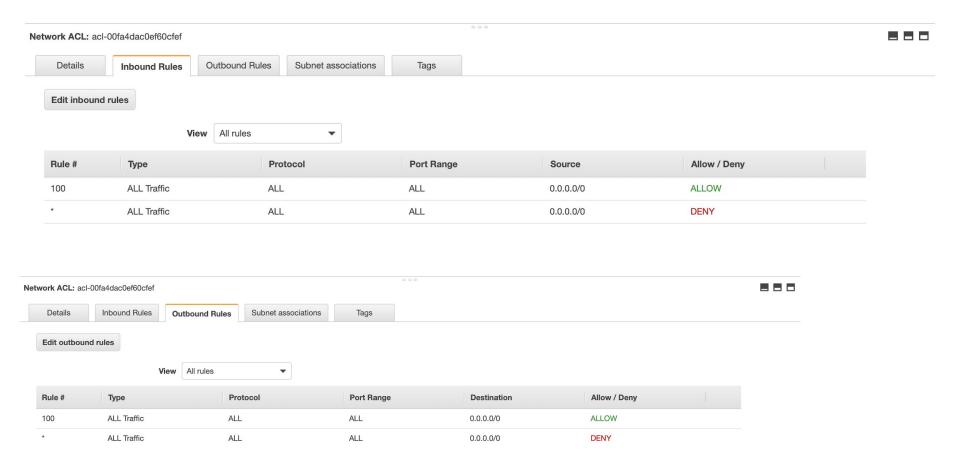
Default IGW Resources with new Default VPC



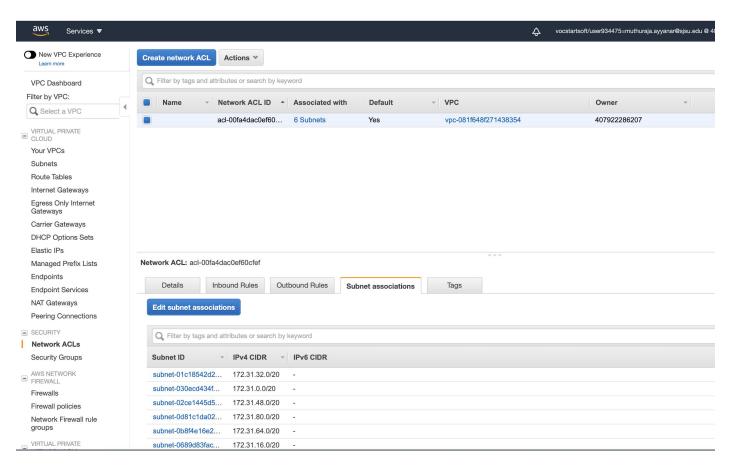
Default NACL Resources with new Default VPC



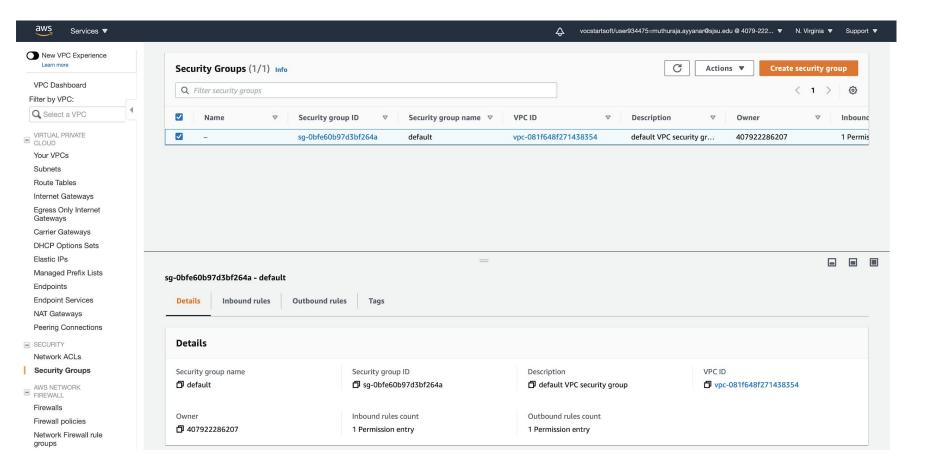
Default NACL Resources with new Default VPC



Default NACL Resources with new Default VPC



Default SG Resources with new Default VPC



Default SG Resources with new Default VPC

